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General Assembly
Security Council

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General Assembly
Sixty-first session
Agenda item 90
General and complete disarmament

Security Council
Sixty-first year

Letter dated 21 September 2006 from the Permanent Representative of Belarus to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

I have the honour to bring to your attention the statement of Sergei Martynov, Minister for Foreign Affairs of Belarus and Chairman of the Council of Ministers for Foreign Affairs of the States members of the Collective Security Treaty Organization, on the establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in Central Asia. The statement was approved by all States members of the Collective Security Treaty Organization (see annex).

I should be grateful if you could have this letter and its annex circulated as a document of the General Assembly under agenda item 90 and of the Security Council.

(*Signed*) Andrei **Dapkiunas**

06-53697 (E) 021006 021006

Annex to the letter dated 21 September 2006 from the Permanent Representative of Belarus to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

[Original: Russian]

Statement by the Chairman of the Council of Ministers for Foreign Affairs of the States members of the Collective Security Treaty Organization

The States members of the Collective Security Treaty Organization (CSTO) are, as a matter of principle, consistent supporters of the adoption of effective international measures aimed at actively combating the proliferation of weapons of mass destruction and establishing nuclear-weapon-free zones.

We welcome the establishment of a new nuclear-weapon-free zone and the efforts made by the Central Asian States, four of which are States members of CSTO, to establish such a zone.

The signing of the Treaty on the establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in Central Asia is a significant contribution to ensuring global and regional security and nuclear disarmament and non-proliferation, which is particularly relevant in the context of the global campaign against terrorism and prevention of the acquisition of weapons of mass destruction by terrorists.

There is no doubt that the establishment of a new nuclear-weapon-free zone will also help strengthen the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons and will give new impetus to negotiations within the framework of the United Nations on the entire range of nuclear non-proliferation issues.

We believe that only joint, consistent and persistent efforts can prevent the proliferation of nuclear weapons. In this connection, we call upon all countries to intensify and consolidate their efforts, both within the framework of the United Nations and within other international organizations, to prevent the spread of weapons of mass destruction and their means of delivery.

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General Assembly
Sixty-first session
Agenda item 13
The situation in the Middle East

Security Council
Sixty-first year

Identical letters dated 26 September 2006 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Lebanon to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General and the President of the Security Council

On the instructions of my Government, I transmit to you herewith a list of Israeli acts of aggression against Lebanon that took place between 23 and 26 September 2006 (see annex).

I should be grateful if you would have this letter and its annex circulated as a document of the General Assembly, under agenda item 13, and of the Security Council.

(*Signed*) Caroline **Ziade**
Chargé d'affaires a.i.

06-53679 (E) 290906 290906

Annex to the identical letters dated 26 September 2006 from the Chargé d'affaires a.i. of the Permanent Mission of Lebanon to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General and the President of the Security Council

Israeli violations and acts of aggression against Lebanon from 0800 hours on 23 September 2006 to 0800 hours on 24 September 2006

From 0800 hours on 23 September 2006 to 0800 hours on 24 September 2006, despite the United Nations Security Council resolution calling for a cessation of hostilities as of 0800 hours on 14 August 2006, acts of aggression and land and air violations by the Israeli enemy continued, most notably:

Air violations

There was one air violation by an Israeli warplane and reconnaissance aircraft reported:

At 1800 hours, an enemy Israeli reconnaissance aircraft overflew the Tebnine area. Hostile warplanes also overflew the same area. They left Lebanese airspace at 1915 hours.

Injuries resulting from mines, cluster bombs and unexploded ordnance

At 1900 hours in the town of Aaita al-Chaab, a suspicious object left behind by the Israeli aggression exploded, resulting in injury to Muhammad and Yusuf Surur (their condition is not serious).

Israeli violations and acts of aggression against Lebanon from 0800 hours on 24 September 2006 to 0800 hours on 25 September 2006

From 0800 hours on 24 September 2006 to 0800 hours on 25 September 2006, despite the United Nations Security Council resolution calling for a cessation of hostilities as of 0800 hours on 14 August 2006, acts of aggression and air violations by the Israeli enemy continued:

Air violations

There were three air violations by enemy Israeli reconnaissance aircraft reported:

Between 0840 hours and 1000 hours, an Israeli aircraft overflew the Tair Harfa and Al-Naqoura areas.

At 1215 hours, an Israeli reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace over the sea off Tyre in an easterly direction, and circled over areas of the South. It left Lebanese airspace at 1515 hours over Aalma al-Chaab.

Between 1230 hours and 1600 hours, two enemy Israeli reconnaissance aircraft overflew the Bent Jbail, Baraachit and Chaqra areas.

Injuries resulting from mines, cluster bombs and unexploded ordnance

At 1300 hours in Kafra/Bent Jbail, a cluster bomb left behind by the Israeli aggression exploded, resulting in injury to a youth, Fahd Hijazi (12 years old), in his left leg.

Israeli violations and acts of aggression against Lebanon from 0800 hours on 25 September 2006 to 0800 hours on 26 September 2006

From 0800 hours on 25 September 2006 to 0800 hours on 26 September 2006, despite the United Nations Security Council resolution calling for a cessation of hostilities as of 0800 hours on 14 August 2006, acts of aggression and air violations by the Israeli enemy continued:

Air violations

There was one air violation by an enemy Israeli reconnaissance aircraft reported:

At 1010 hours, a reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace over Aaitaroun in a northerly direction, and circled over areas of the South. It left Lebanese airspace at 1107 hours over Al-Naqoura.